

Independent Auditor's Report on quarter and nine months ended standalone financial results pursuant to the Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

To the Board of Directors of Sasken Technologies Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Results

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial results of Sasken Technologies Limited ('the Company') for the quarter and nine months ended December 31, 2021 (the 'Statement'), attached herewith, being submitted by the Company pursuant to the requirements of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ('Listing Regulations').

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Statement:

- (i) is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Regulations in this regard; and
- (ii) give a true and fair view, in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the Indian Accounting Standards 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" (Ind AS 34) prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the net profit and other comprehensive income and other financial information of the Company for the quarter and nine months ended December 31, 2021.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Results section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial results under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and Code of Ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Statement.

Board of Directors' Responsibilities for the Standalone Financial Results

This Statement has been prepared on the basis of the interim condensed standalone financial statements. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of this Statement that give a true and fair view of the net profit and other comprehensive income in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Ind AS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting', prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other recognized accounting principles generally accepted in India and in compliance with Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations. The Board of Directors of the Company are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies;

making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the Statement by the Directors of the Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the Statement, the Board of Directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors of the Company are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Company.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Results

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial results as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial results.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial results, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's Internal Control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Statement or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

MSKA & Associates

Chartered Accountants

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Statement, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial results represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Company of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

For MSKA & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.105047W

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Pradeep Mysore Suresh

Partner

Membership No.:216181

UDIN: 22216181AAAAAE9965

Date: January 20, 2022

Place: Bengaluru

AUDITED STANDALONE FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

(Rs. in lakhs)

Sl. No.	Particulars	Quarter ended			Nine months ended		Year ended
		December 31, 2021	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2021
I	Revenue from operations	9,433.07	9,945.77	10,049.05	29,147.83	29,842.92	39,245.74
II	Other income	767.77	1,488.51	1,197.64	3,724.27	2,612.68	3,334.04
III	Total income (I+II)	10,200.84	11,434.28	11,246.69	32,872.10	32,455.60	42,579.78
IV	EXPENSES						
	Employee benefits expense	5,731.02	5,882.27	5,811.01	17,403.89	17,728.37	23,154.21
	Finance costs	1.01	1.29	0.96	3.81	13.76	47.19
	Depreciation and amortization expense	151.91	153.94	211.31	447.38	720.73	919.92
	Other expenses	876.54	710.87	1,017.57	2,573.59	2,989.15	3,844.44
	Total expenses (IV)	6,760.48	6,748.37	7,040.85	20,428.67	21,452.01	27,965.76
V	Profit before exceptional items and tax (III- IV)	3,440.36	4,685.91	4,205.84	12,443.43	11,003.59	14,614.02
VI	Exceptional items	-	-	-	-	-	(2,002.31)
VII	Profit before tax (V-VI)	3,440.36	4,685.91	4,205.84	12,443.43	11,003.59	12,611.71
VIII	Tax expense:	678.86	785.44	915.22	2,186.00	2,462.14	3,351.12
	(1) Current tax	709.32	838.55	775.39	2,356.33	2,276.71	3,124.61
	(2) Deferred tax	(30.46)	(53.11)	139.83	(170.33)	185.43	226.51
IX	Profit after tax (VII-VIII)	2,761.50	3,900.47	3,290.62	10,257.43	8,541.45	9,260.59
X	Other comprehensive income	77.64	52.10	153.22	13.27	1,022.46	1,200.85
	A Items that will not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss-						
	(i) Remeasurement gain / (loss) on defined benefit plans	(38.49)	64.90	(111.44)	62.19	(43.57)	139.12
	(ii) Investment fair valuation through OCI	5.11	(27.00)	37.05	(4.64)	38.58	31.08
	(iii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss	9.10	(13.24)	23.81	(15.12)	6.55	1.39
	B Items that will be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss-						
	(i) change in fair value of forward contracts designated as cash flows hedges	139.02	33.87	272.19	(37.78)	1,368.60	1,377.92
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss	(37.10)	(6.43)	(68.39)	8.62	(347.70)	(348.66)
XI	Total comprehensive income for the period (VII+VIII) (comprising profit and other comprehensive income for the period)	2,839.14	3,952.57	3,443.84	10,270.70	9,563.91	10,461.44
XII	Paid up equity share capital (face value: Rs 10 per share)	1,505.09	1,505.09	1,505.09	1,505.09	1,505.09	1,505.09
XIII	Other equity						55,369.46
XIV	Earnings per equity share						
	(1) Basic	18.35	25.92	21.86	68.16	56.75	61.53
	(2) Diluted	18.35	25.92	21.86	68.16	56.75	61.53

NOTES:

1. The audited standalone financial results for the quarter and nine months ended December 31, 2021, have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") 34, Interim Financial Reporting under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules issued thereunder as amended, have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on January 20, 2022. The statutory auditors have expressed an unqualified opinion on these standalone financial results.
2. Segment Reporting

The Chairman and Managing Director of the Company has been identified as the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) as defined by Ind AS 108, "Operating Segments". The Company operates in one segment only i.e. "Software Services". The CODM evaluates performance of the Company based on revenue and operating income from "Software Services". Accordingly, segment information has not been separately disclosed.

For Sasken Technologies Ltd.



Rajiv C Mody
Chairman and Managing Director

Place: Bengaluru

Date: January 20, 2022

DIN: 0092037

